

Optimize *In Vivo* Research with the Right Humanized Mouse Models

Agenda

Talk #1: Introduction to Humanized Immune System (HIS) Mouse Models

Speaker:

Ditte Olsen, PhD
Scientific Solutions Consultant
Taconic Biosciences



Talk #2: Humanized Mice Modeling Services

Speaker:

Caroline Mignard, PhD
Senior Study Director
Oncodesign Services



Talk #3: Methods to Generate a Humanized Mouse

Speaker:

Ditte Olsen, PhD
Scientific Solutions Consultant
Taconic Biosciences



Talk #4: Breeding and Handling of Humanized Mice

Speaker:

Julie Torvund-Jensen, PhD
Associate Director
Taconic Biosciences



Symposium: Optimize *In Vivo* Research with the Right Humanized Mouse Models

Talk 1: Introduction to Humanized Immune System (HIS) Mouse Models



Ditte Olsen, PhD
Scientific Solution Consultant
Taconic Biosciences

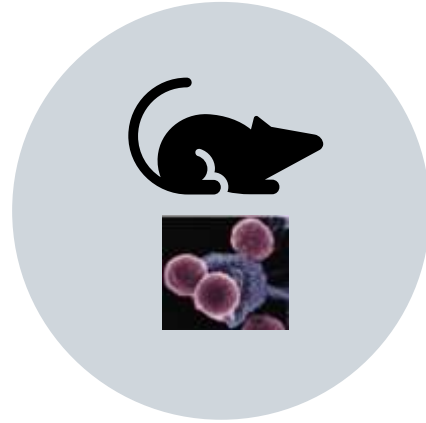
Agenda

- Types of humanization
- The use of super immunodeficient mice
 - The “Nod Scid Gamma” Landscape
- How to generate HIS mice and the pros and cons of various methods
- Different models – different strengths
- Limitations of HIS mice
- Considerations when choosing model

Humanized Mouse Models

Humanized rodents bridge some of the translational gaps across the species barrier

- Human tissue grafts
- Purified human immune cell populations
- Mixed human immune cells
- Human stem cells



Human cells/tissue
engrafted into the
mouse



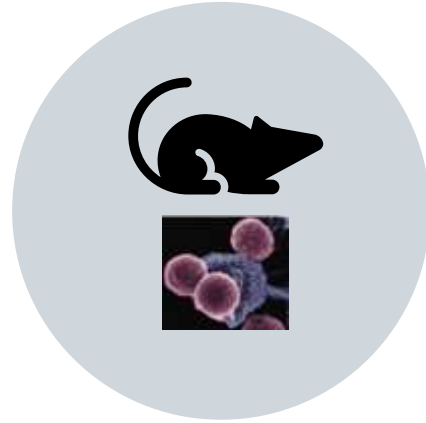
Human genes
inserted into the
mouse genome

- Human transgenes
- Human minigene knock-ins
- Partial human gene knock-ins
- Full genomic replacements

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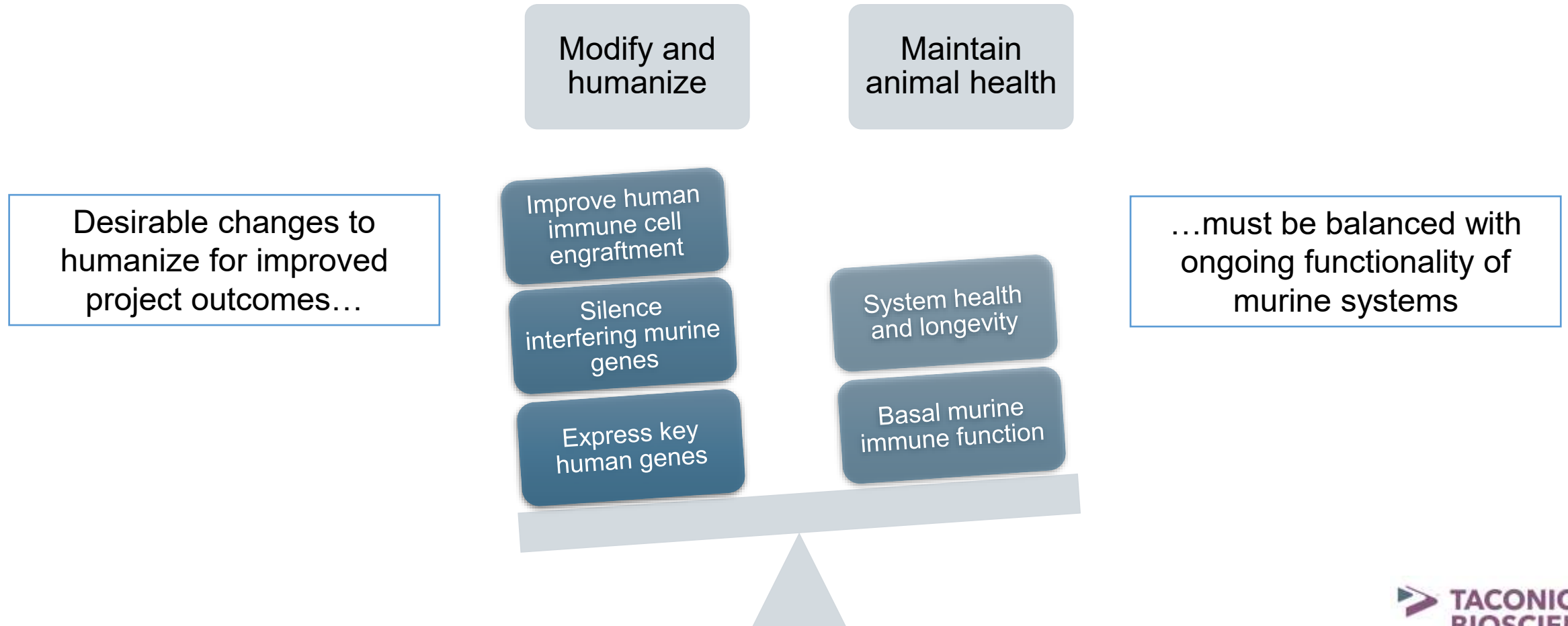


Human genes
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Improving Experimental Outcomes with Novel Models

Balancing desired modifications with model health outcomes



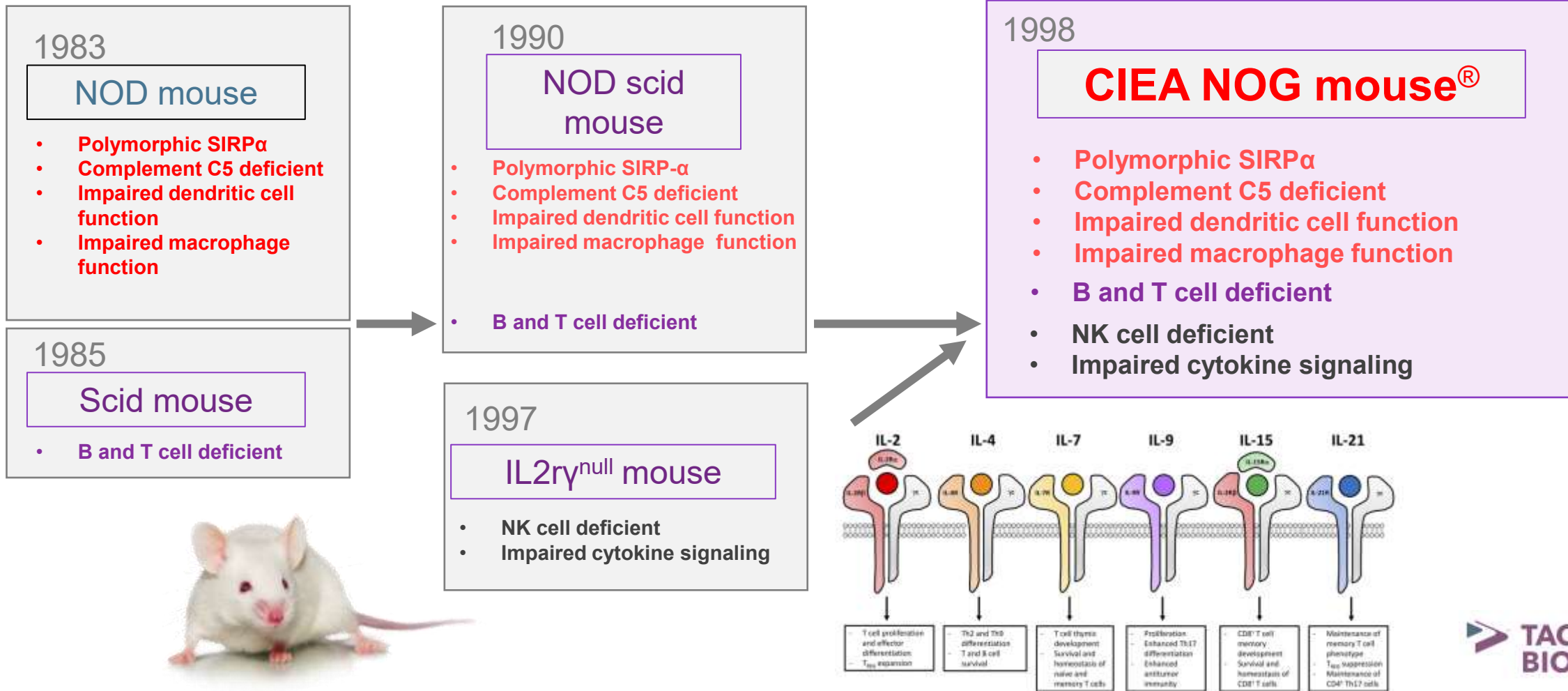
It is not possible to fully humanize a mouse

Choosing the Right Mouse Strain to Humanize



CIEA NOG Mouse®

The first and most versatile SUPER IMMUNODEFICIENT MODEL on the market



The “Nod Scid Gamma” Landscape

NOG mouse[®] (NOD/Scid, IL2RGamma), CIEA/Taconic

NOD/SCID/ γ_c^{null} mouse: an excellent recipient mouse model for engraftment of human cells

Mamoru Ito, Hidefumi Hiramatsu, Kimio Kobayashi, Kazutomo Suzue, Mariko Kawahata, Kyoji Hioki, Yoshito Ueyama, Yoshio Koyanagi, Kazuo Sugamura, Kohichiro Tsuji, Toshio Heike, and Tatsutoshi Nakahata

BLOOD, 1 NOVEMBER 2002 • VOLUME 100, NUMBER 9 3175



Functional Human T Lymphocyte Development from Cord Blood CD34⁺ Cells in Nonobese Diabetic/Shi-*scid*, IL-2 Receptor γ Null Mice

Takashi Yahata, Kiyoshi Ando, Yoshihiko Nakamura, Yoshito Ueyama, Kazuo Shimamura, Norikazu Tamaoki, Shunichi Kato and Tomomitsu Hotta

J Immunol 2002; 169:204-209; ;

NSG[™] mouse, (NOD/Scid, IL2RGamma), Jackson

Human Lymphoid and Myeloid Cell Development in NOD/LtSz-*scid* IL2R γ^{null} Mice Engrafted with Mobilized Human Hemopoietic Stem Cells^{1,2}

The Journal of Immunology, 2005, 174: 6477–6489.

NCG mouse (NOD CCRISPR Prkdc IL2RGamma), Charles River & GemPharmatech

B-NDG mouse (Biocytogen NOD/SciD IL2RGamma), Envigo

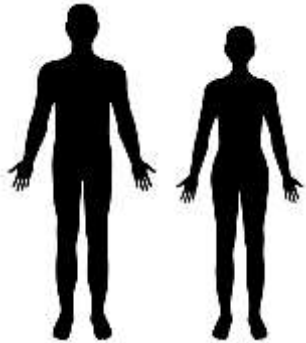
NXG mouse (NOD Xenograft Gamma), Janvier



Methods to Generate HIS Mice

PBMC

Adult peripheral blood



Peripheral Blood
Mononuclear Cells



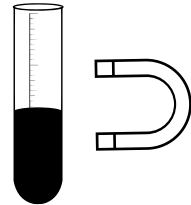
Human peripheral blood mononuclear cell (PBMC)

- Mature human immune cells
- Human immune cells developed in a human and recognize their murine host as foreign

CB CD34+ HSC



Umbilical Cord Blood



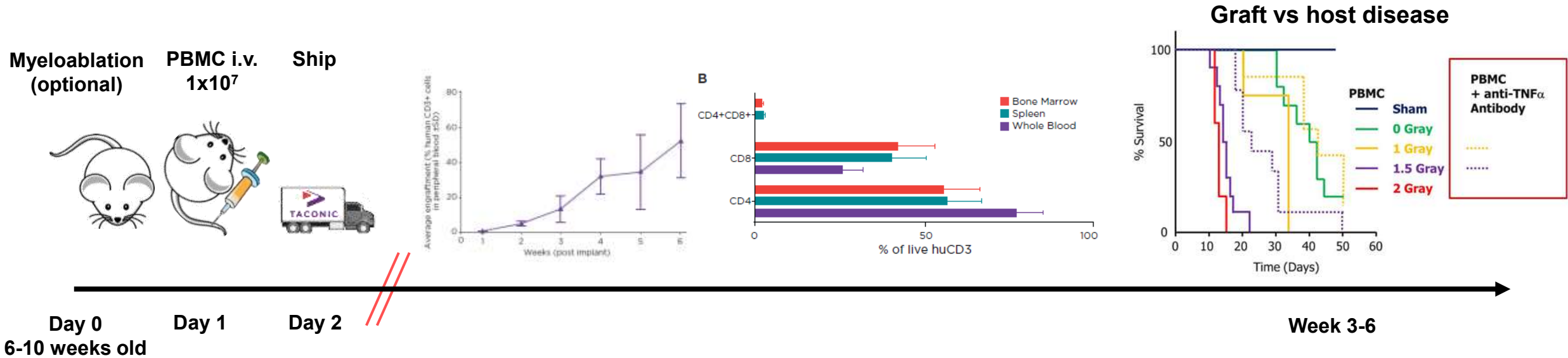
CD34+ Cord Blood
Cells isolated via
MACS

Human hematopoietic stem cells (HSC)

- Multipotent primitive cells that can develop into all types of blood cells
- Commonly isolated from umbilical cord blood, but can also be obtained from fetal liver, adult bone marrow or peripheral blood
- Human immune cells develop within the mouse and recognize the host as self

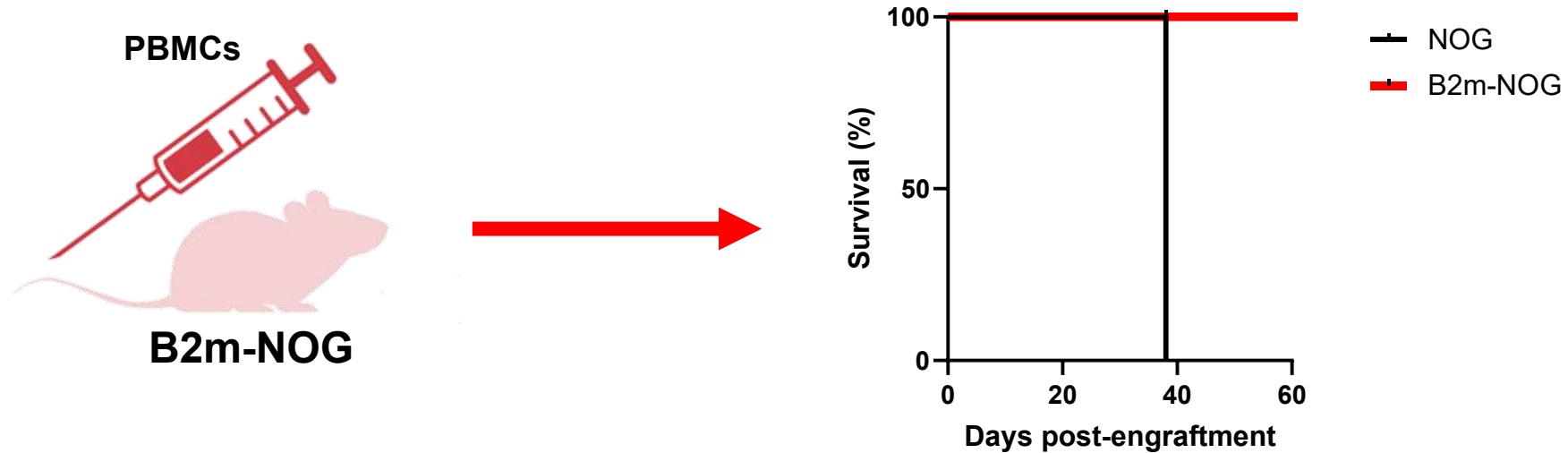
HIS Mice via PBMC Engraftment

NOG Humanization with PBMC

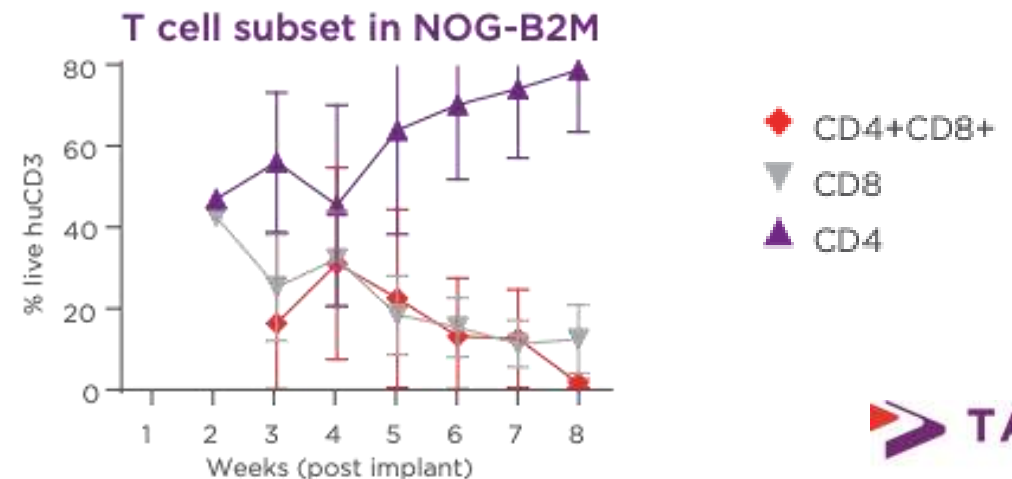
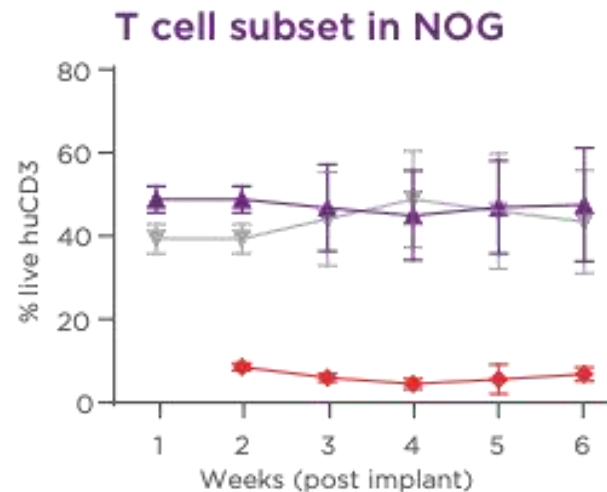


- Study window: 3-4 weeks
- Myeloablation preconditioning improves engraftment but accelerates GvHD
- PBMC cell dose: 5M or 10M
- May perform PBMC engraftment at point-of-receipt, including after tumor installation

Increased Survival Window in B2m-NOG + PBMCs

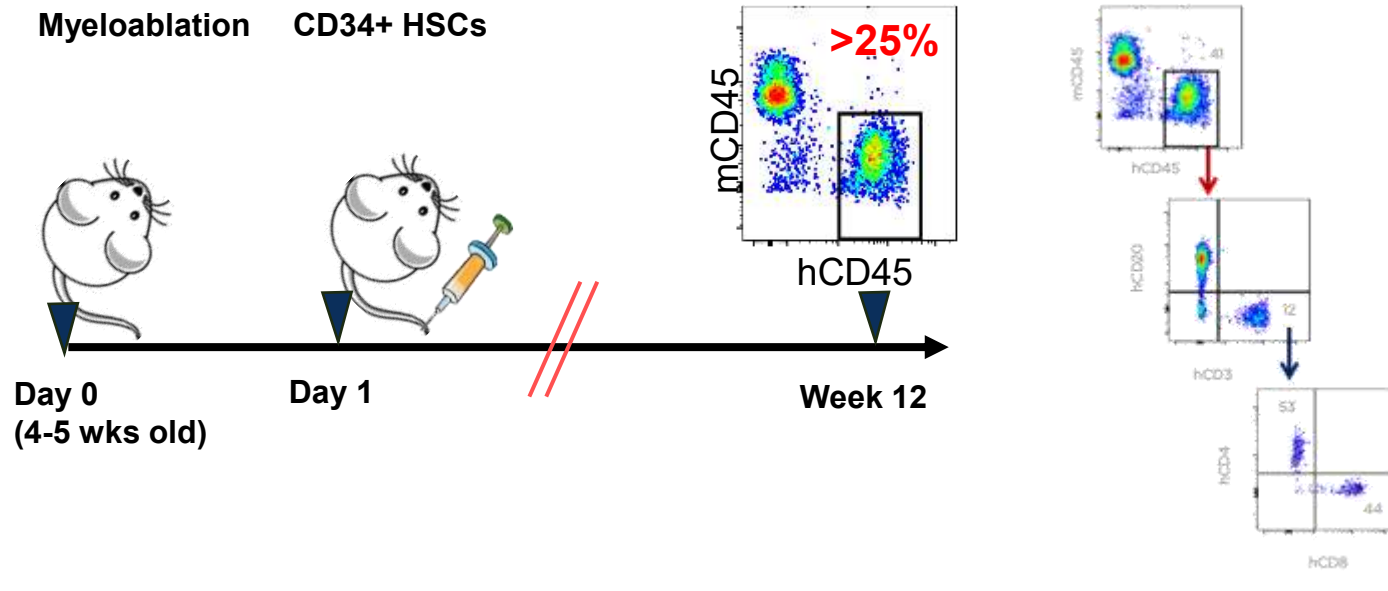


- B2m-NOG mice survive significantly longer than other severely-immunodeficient strains following human PBMC engraftment (1×10^7 human PBMC)

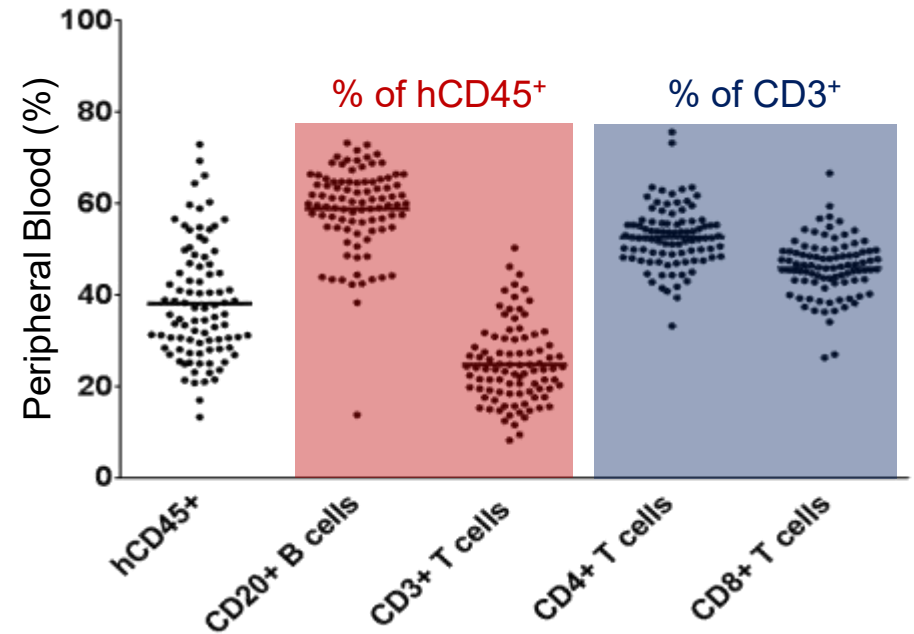


HIS Mice via CD34+ Hematopoietic Stem Cell Engraftment

NOG Humanization with HSCs



- HSCs are cord blood-derived (CD34+ HSCs)
- QC for every mouse (% CD45 chimerism)
- B cells (non-functional) and T cells
- Myeloid and NK are marginal



First-Generation HIS Mouse Models

HIS mice bridge translational gaps across the species barrier

PBMC-engrafted



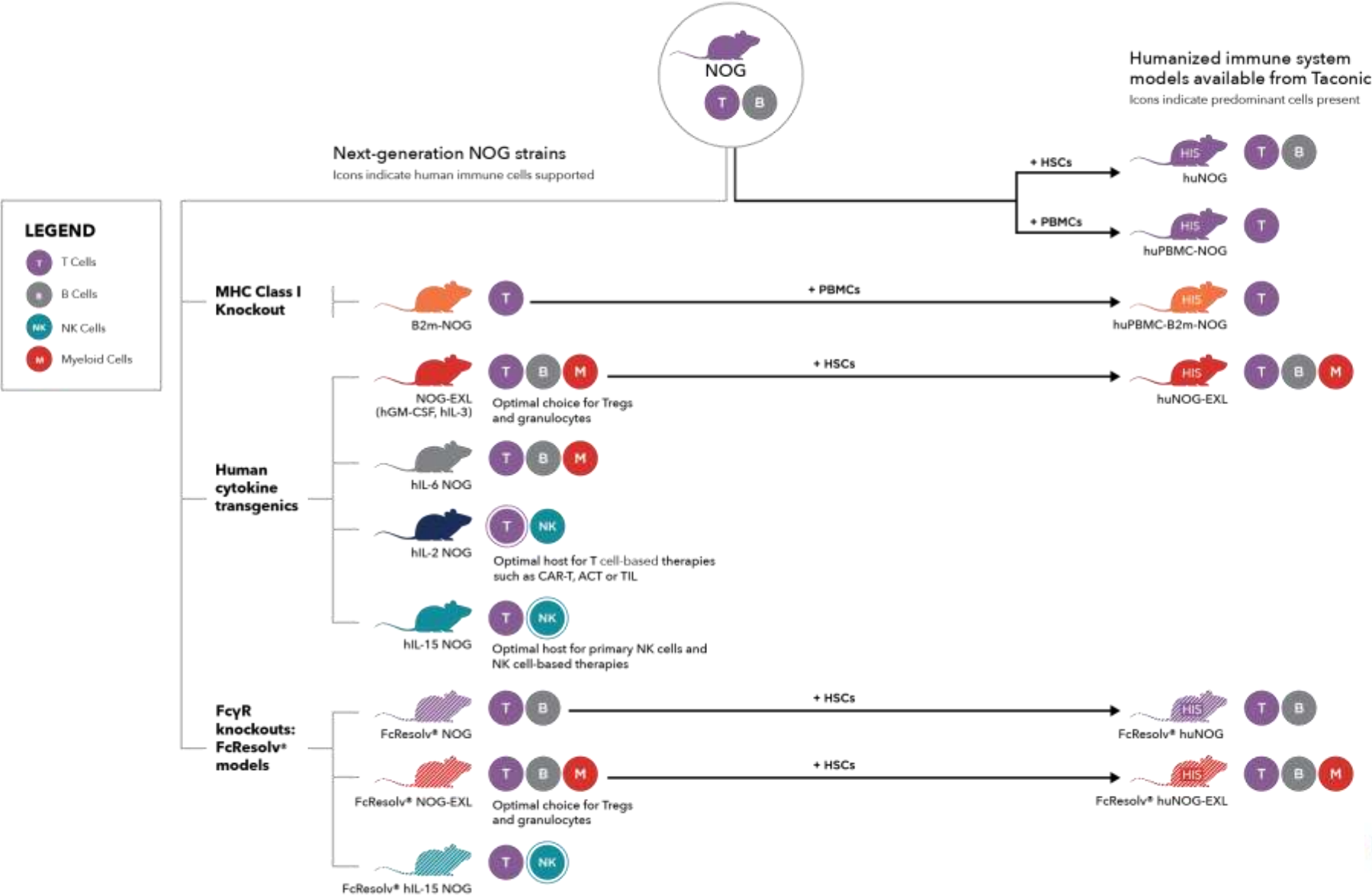
- Short-term studies (~4 weeks)
- T cell predominant
- B cells nonfunctional
- Interference from GvHD
- Suitable for some T cell-engaging therapeutics

CD34+ HSC-engrafted



- Long-term studies (50+ weeks)
- T cell predominant
- B cells nonfunctional
- Incomplete immune T cell development in mouse thymus
- Suitable for some T cell-engaging therapeutics

The NOG Portfolio



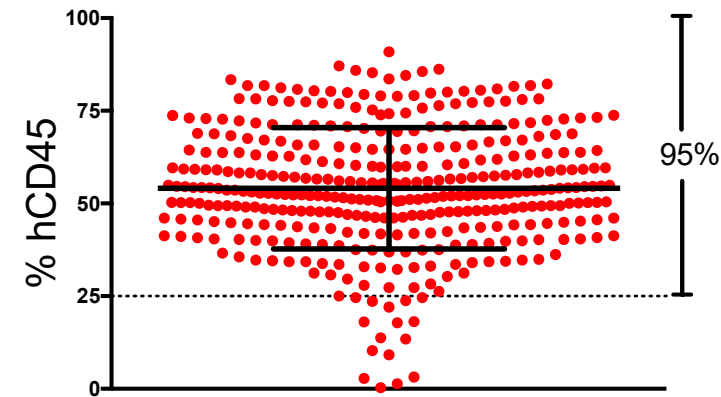
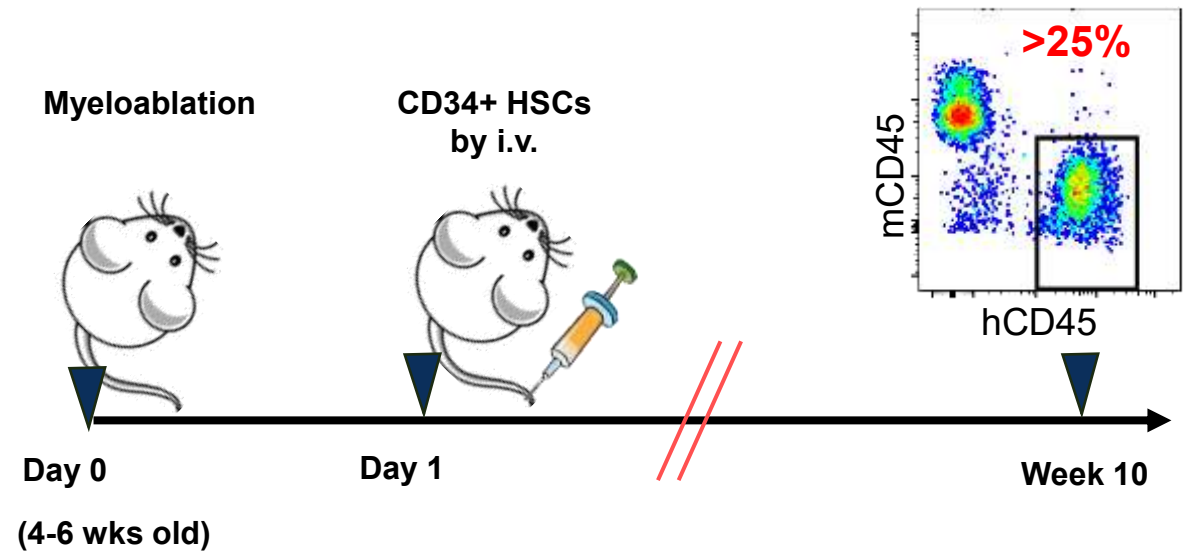
NOG-EXL

huNOG-EXL

Human CD34+ HSC-engrafted NOG-EXL

Advantages

- Pre-validated donors available for predictable engraftment
- Standard Access animals receive QC by 10-color Flow Cytometry at 10 WPE
- Early Access (EA) animals using pre-validated donors can be shipped as early as 2 WPE, QC optional
- HLA data by request
- Access to animals made with different HSC donors
- Customizations available by request



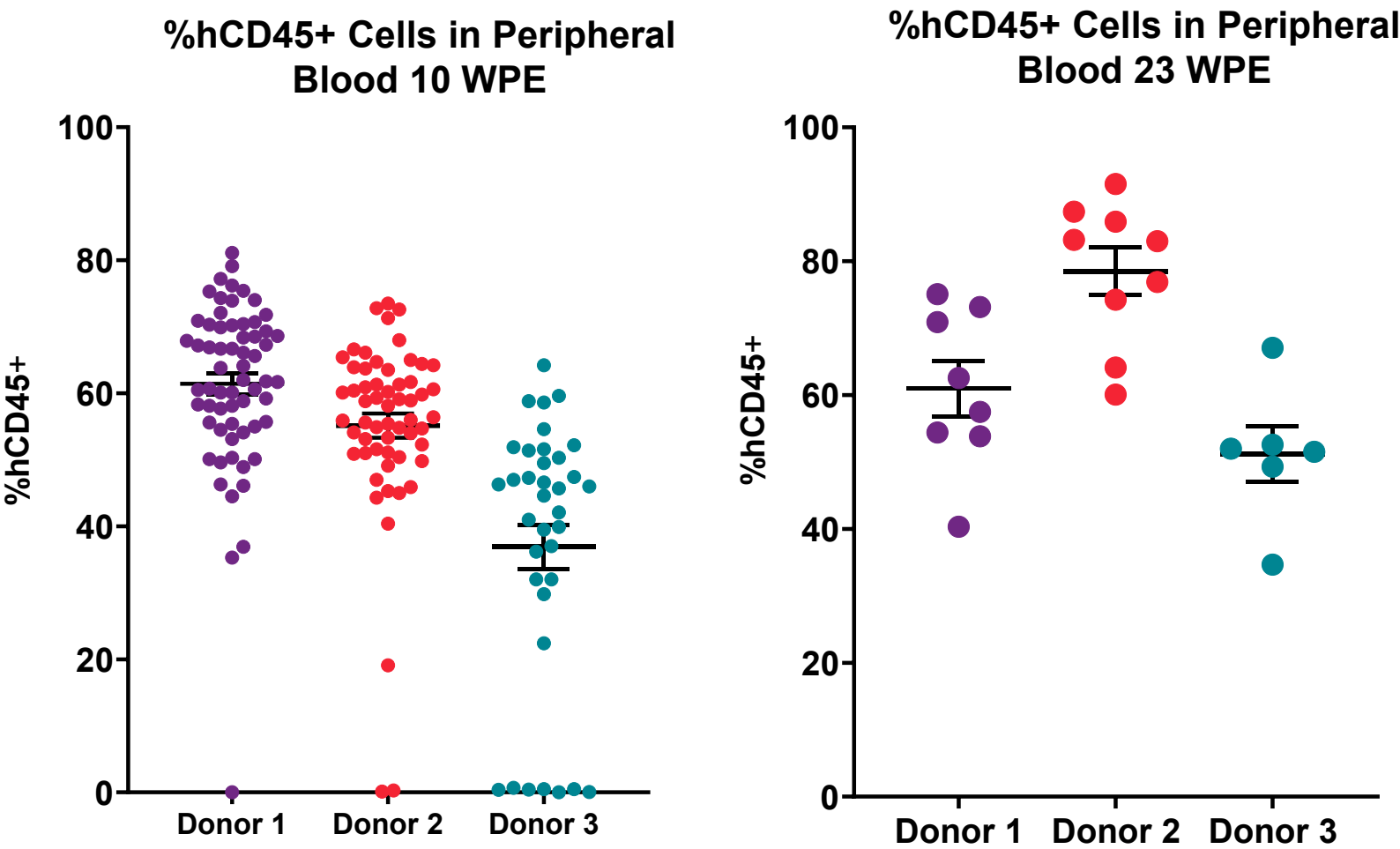
Example data from multiple combined lots

n= 371
mean = 54%
SD = 16%

Average n/lot size=43

Immune Cell Engraftment in huNOG-EXL Over Time

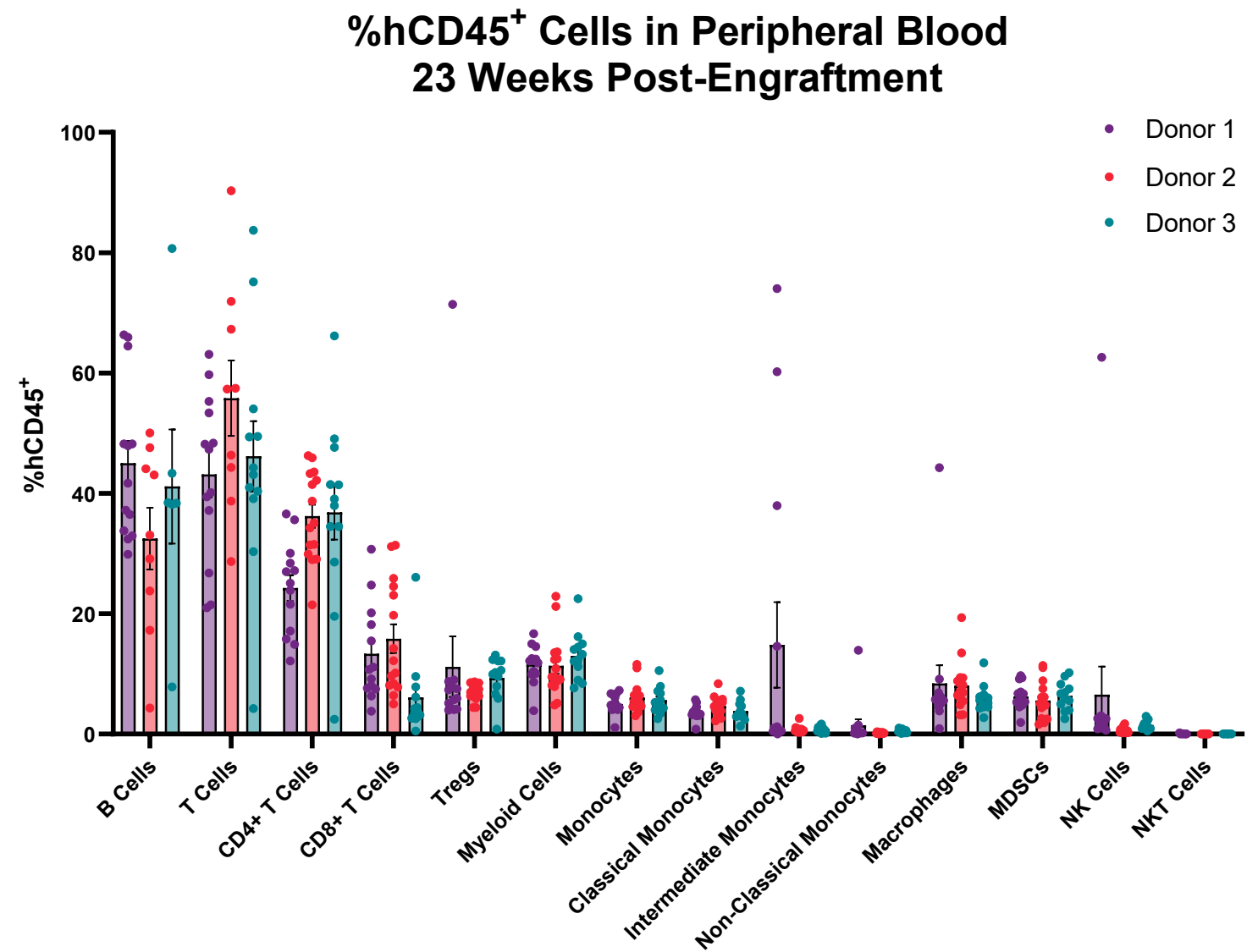
Human chimerism in peripheral blood is stable



Taconic internal study



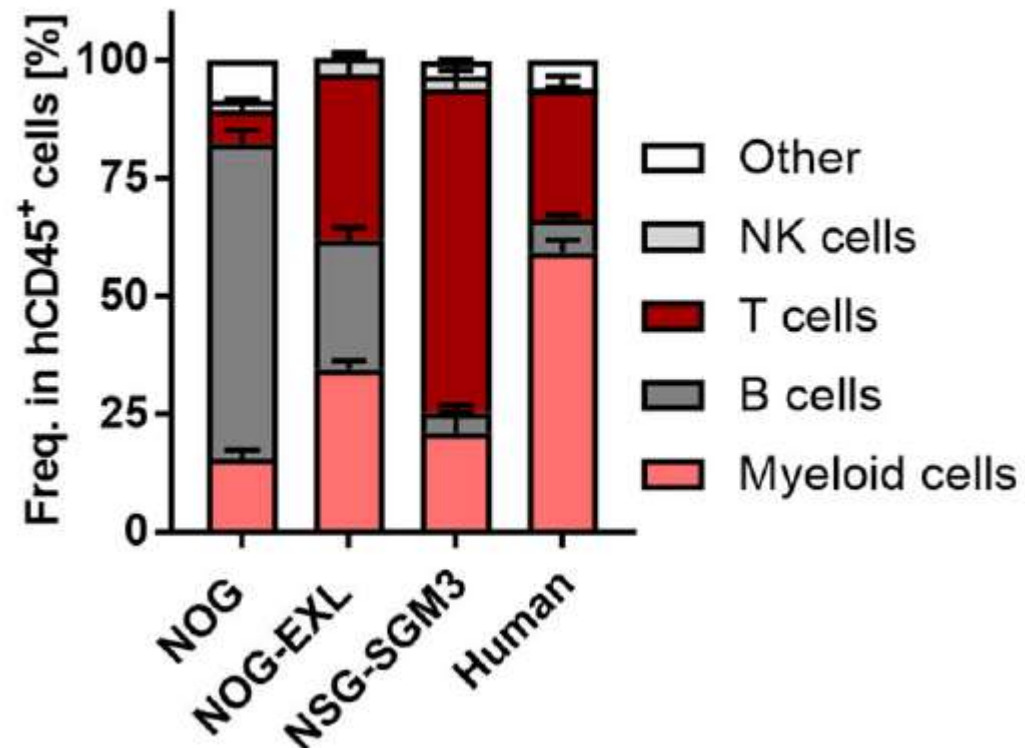
Immune Cell Engraftment in huNOG-EXL at 23 WPE



CD34+ HSC Engrafted NOG vs. NOG-EXL vs. NSG-SGM3

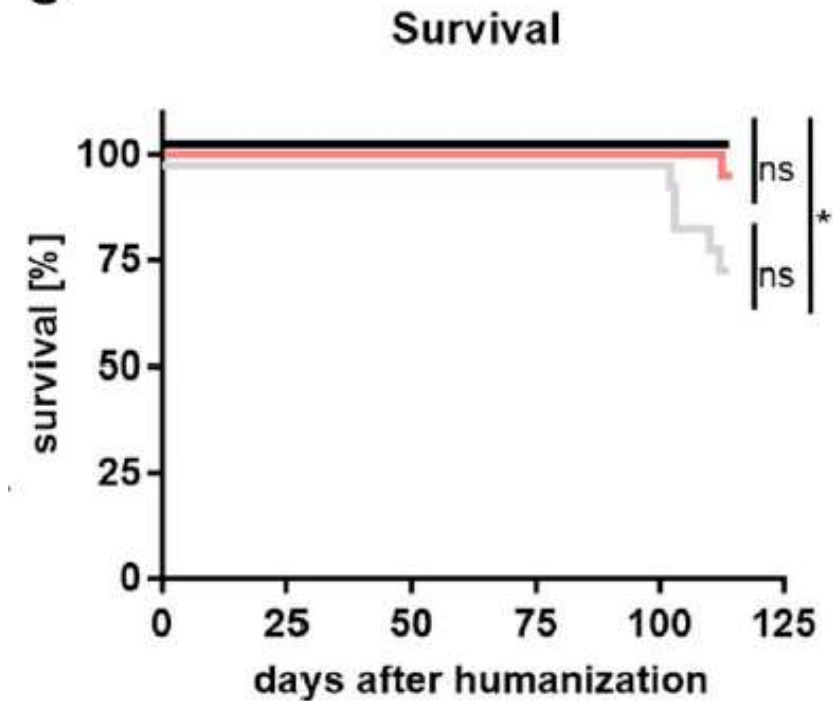
NOG-EXL better mimic
human composition

Blood composition (wk16)



NOG-EXL survive longer

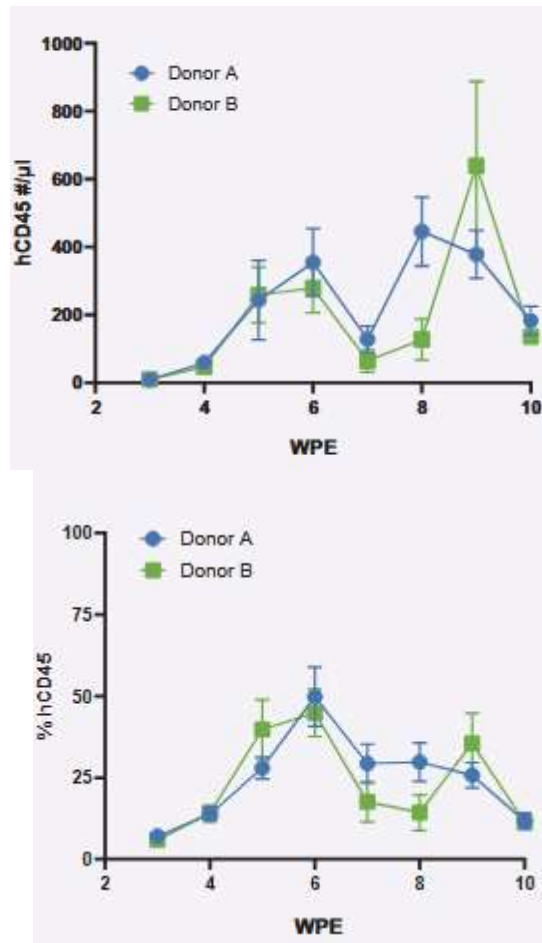
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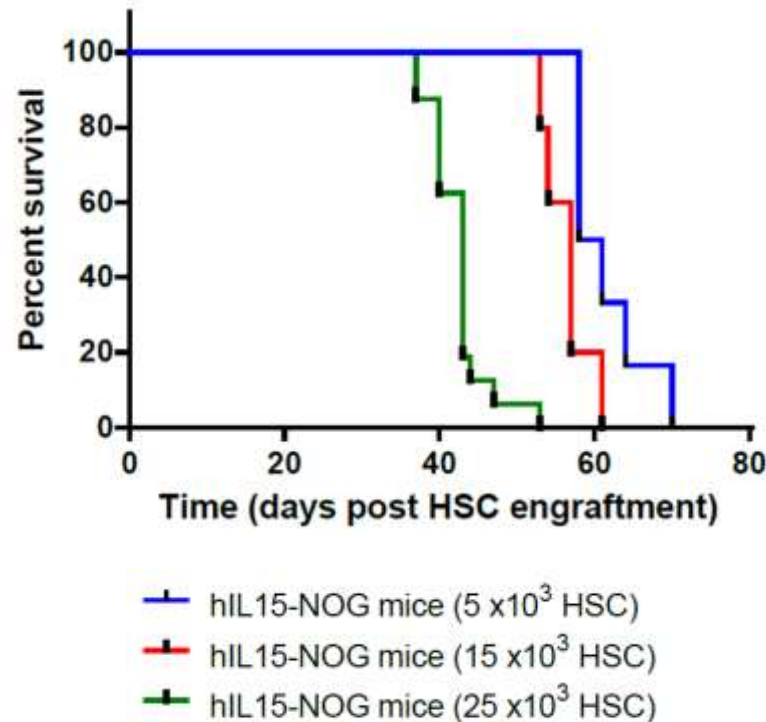
Importance of Choosing the Right Model and Cell Type

hIL-15 NOG – Excellent for NK Cell Engraftment

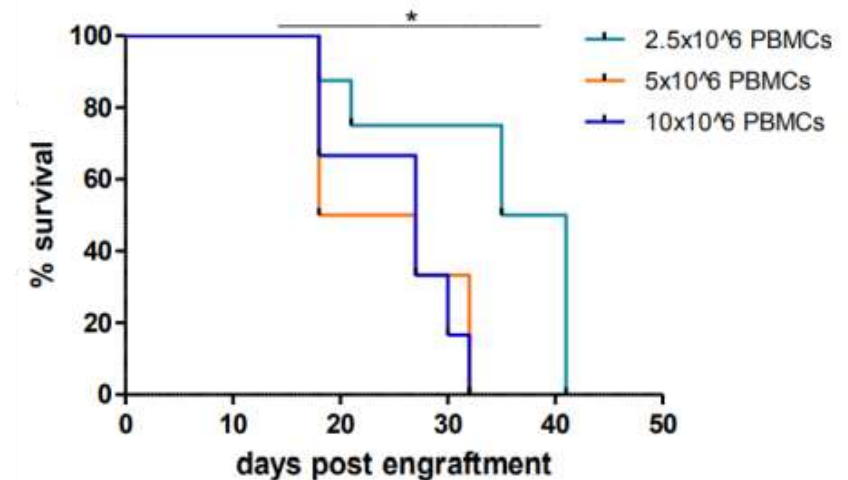
NK cell engraftment



HSC engraftment

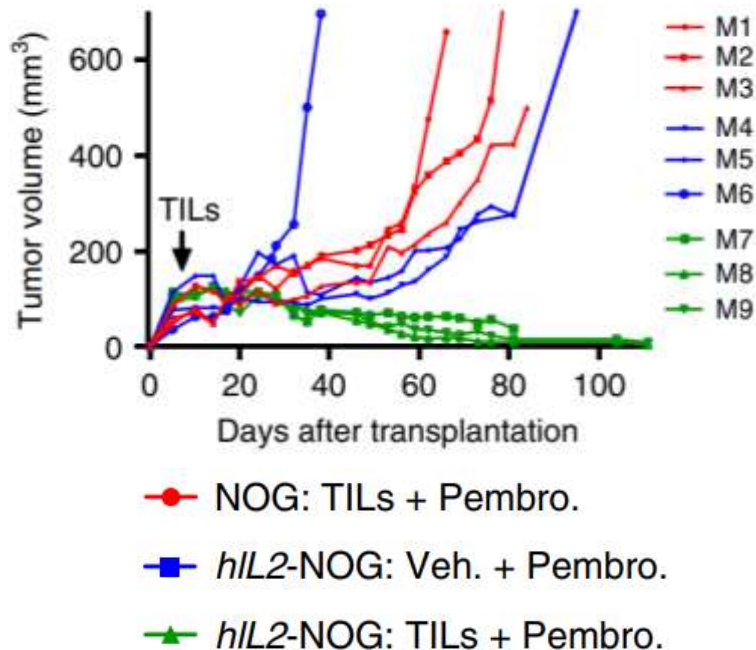


PBMC engraftment

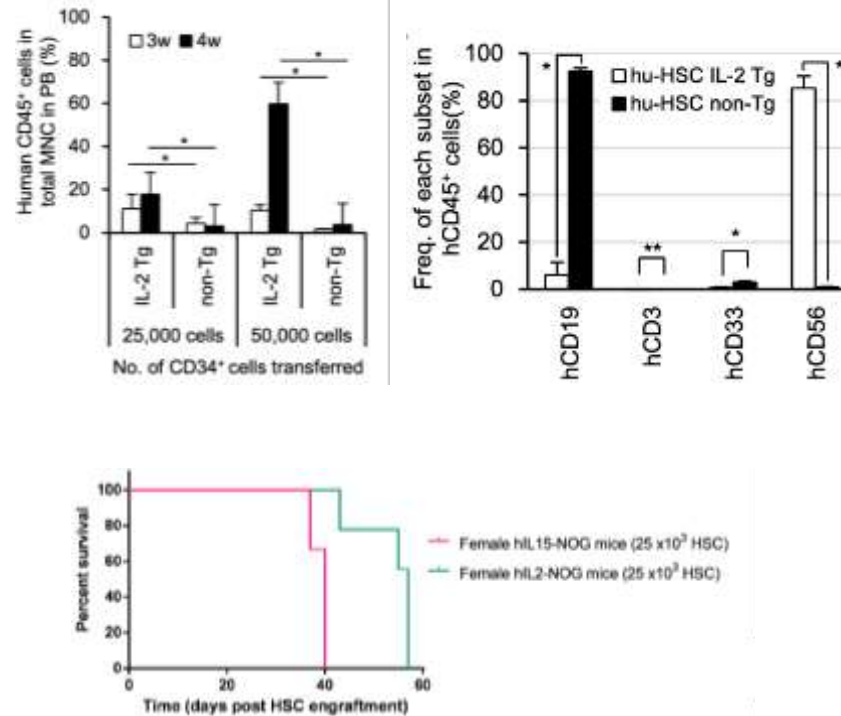


hIL-2 NOG – a Useful Tool for Studying T-cell Therapy

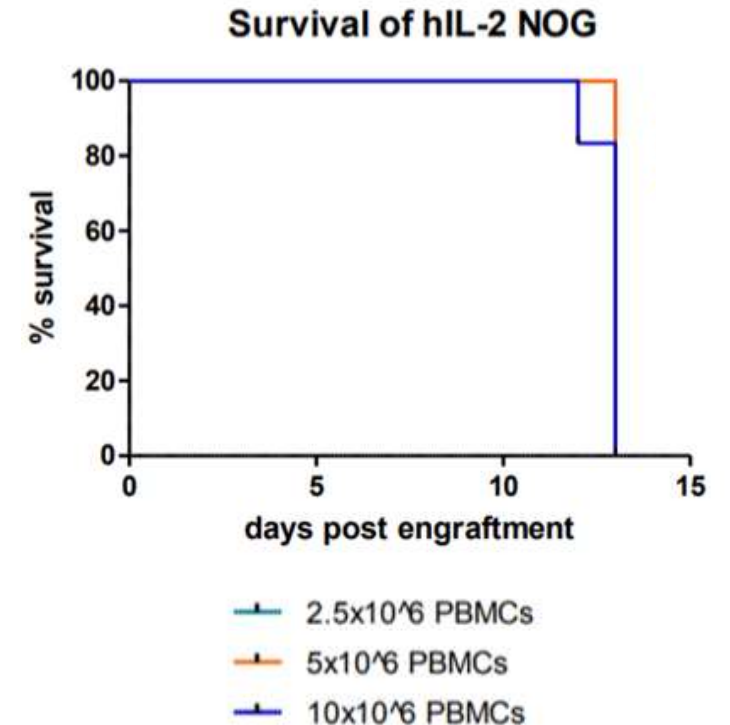
CAR-T cell engraftment



HSC engraftment



PBMC engraftment



< 2 Week survival post-engraftment

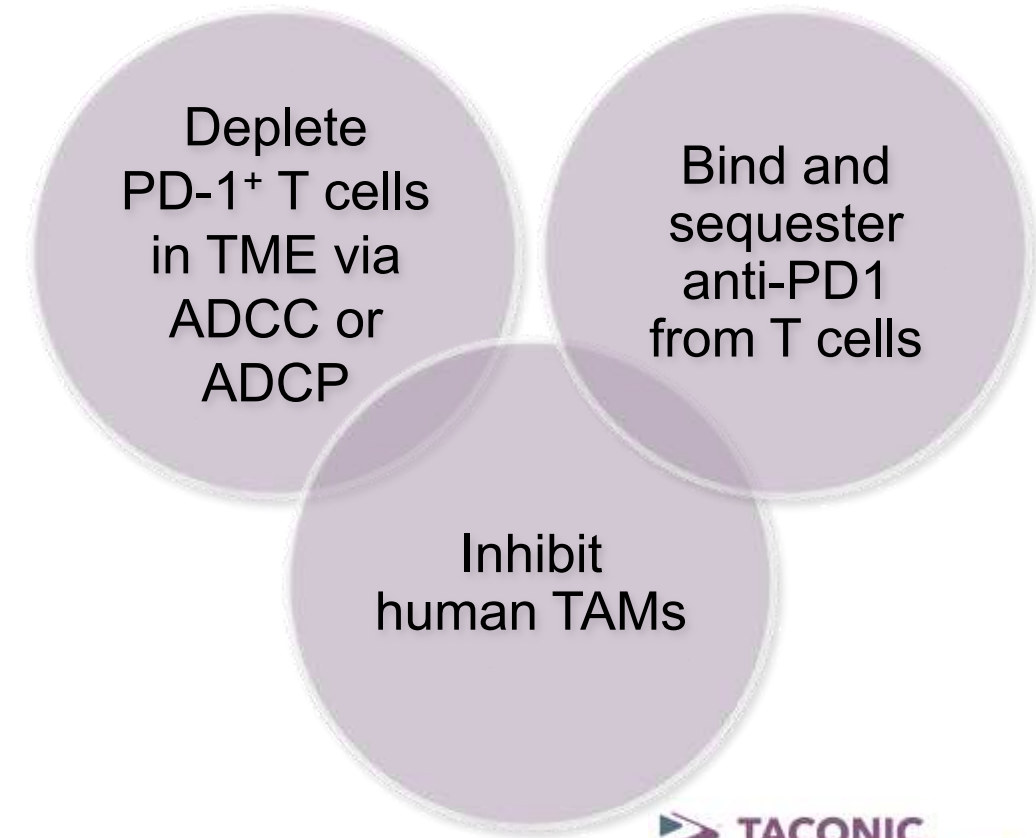
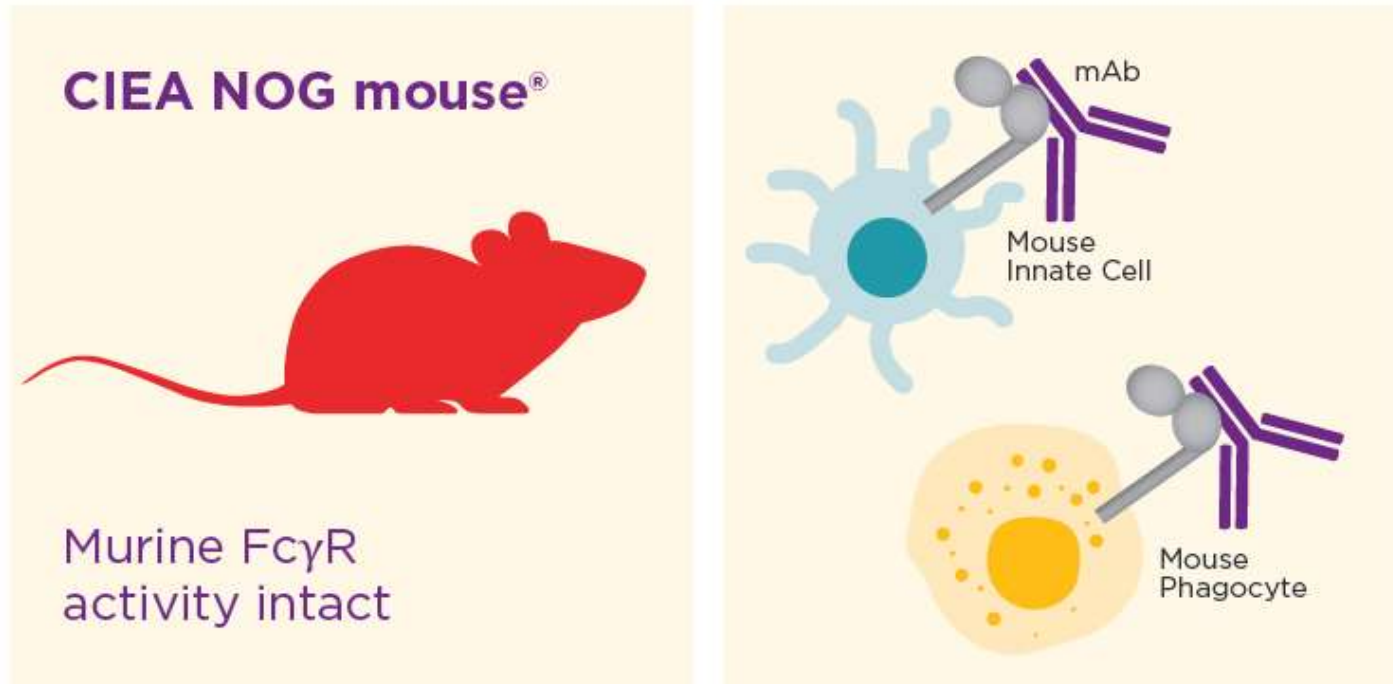
- Heavily skewed towards NK cells
- 40-60 day survival post-engraftment



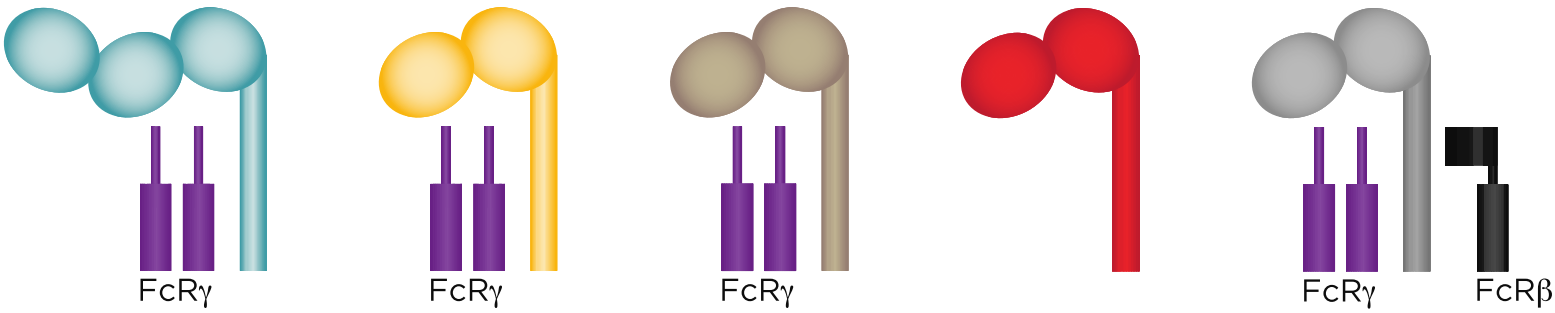
Residual Murine Immune Cells can Functionally Interact with Human Biologics

All super-immunodeficient mice have residual murine immune cells

Human mAbs (e.g. anti-PD-1) can cross-react with murine FcγRs to confound results in preclinical models



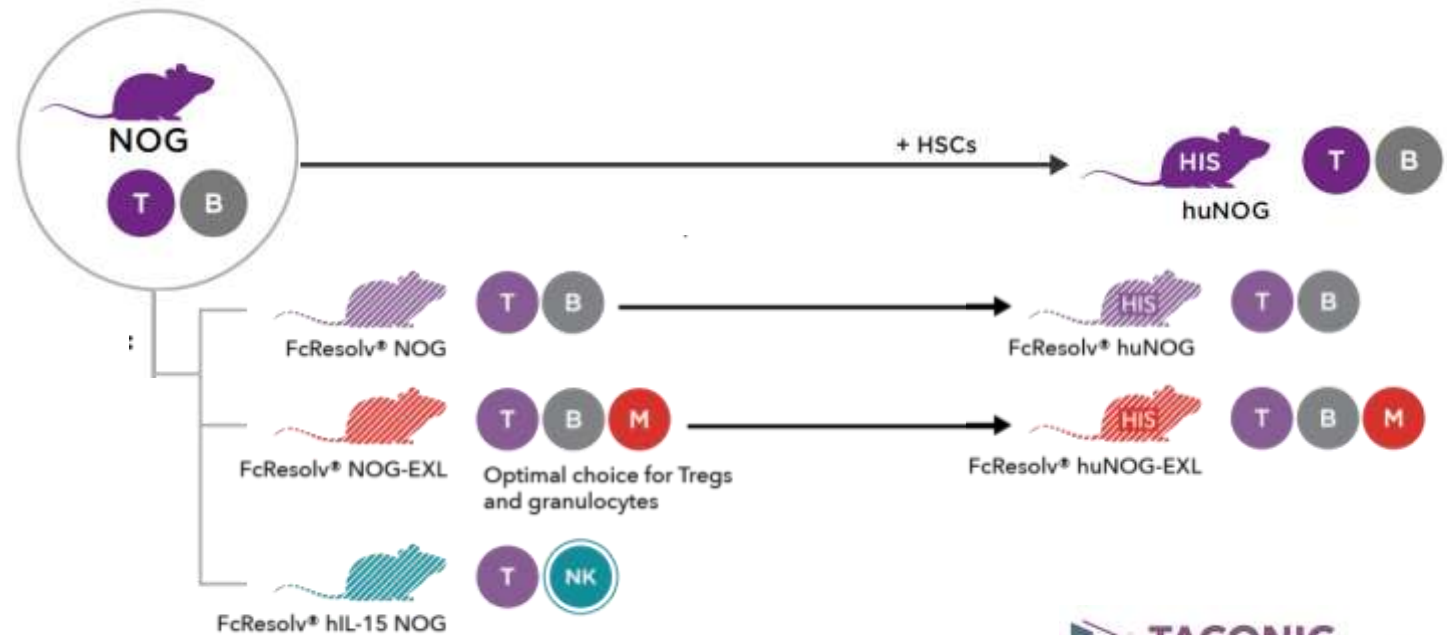
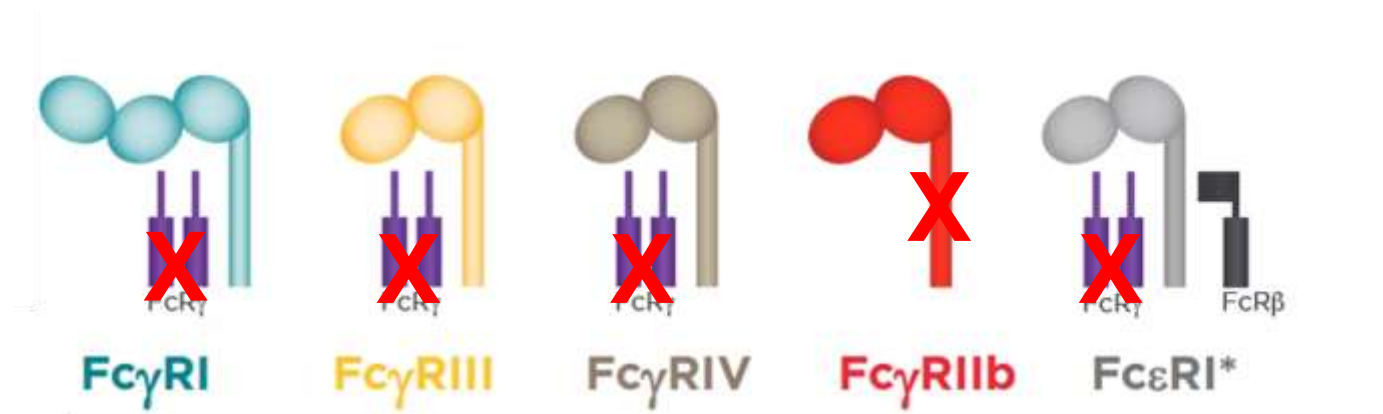
Human IgGs Differentially Activate Murine FcγRs



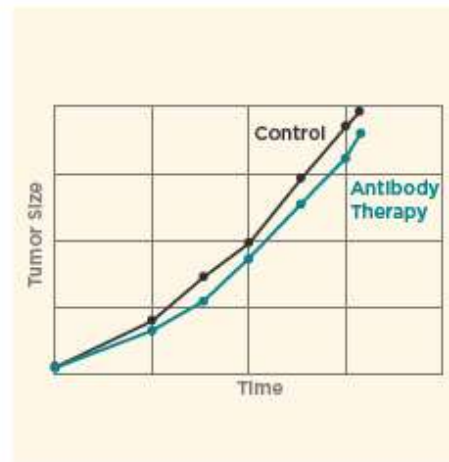
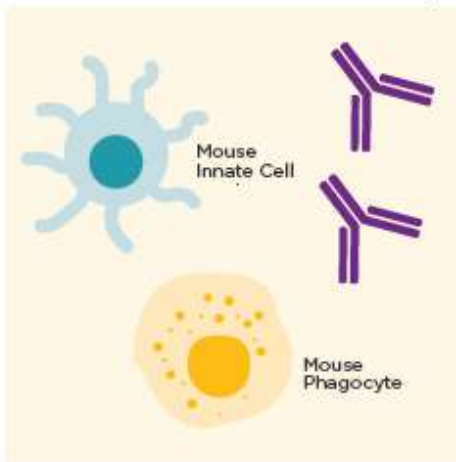
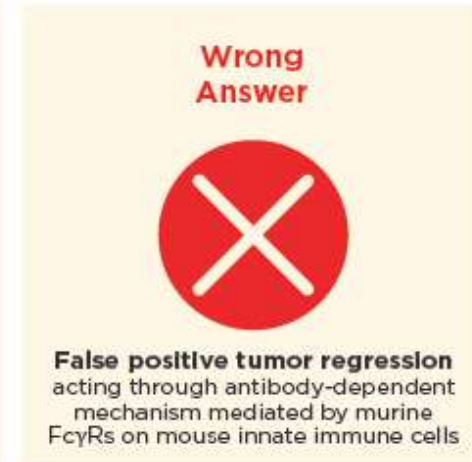
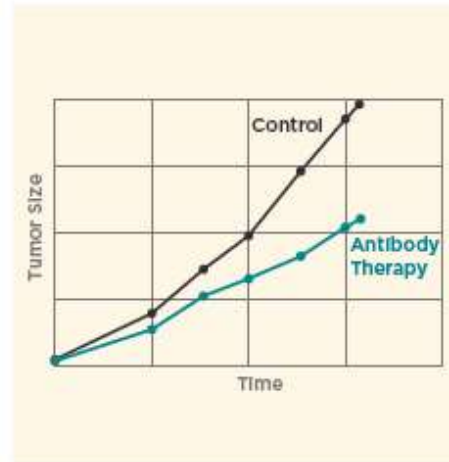
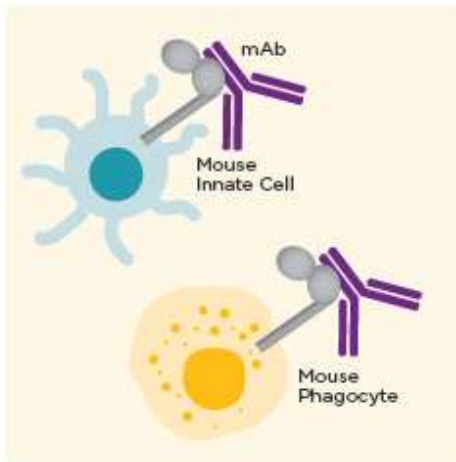
Mouse FcR	FcγRI	FcγRIII	FcγRIV	FcγRIIb	FcεRI*
Expression Pattern	Dendritic Cells, Monocytes/ Macrophages (±)	Dendritic Cells, Natural Killer Cells, Monocytes/ Macrophages, Neutrophils	Monocytes/ Macrophages, Neutrophils	Dendritic Cells, Monocytes/ Macrophages, Neutrophils	Mast Cells, Basophils
Human Ig Relative Binding Affinity to Mouse FcR	hIgG1: ↑↑↑↑ hIgG2: - hIgG3: ↑↑↑↑ hIgG4: ↑↑↑	hIgG1: ↑ hIgG2: ↑ hIgG3: ↑↑ hIgG4: ↑	hIgG1: ↑↑↑ hIgG2: - hIgG3: ↑↑↑ hIgG4: ↑	hIgG1: ↑↑ hIgG2: ↑ hIgG3: ↑↑ hIgG4: ↑	hIgE: -
Human FcR Ortholog	hFcγRI	hFcγRIIa	hFcγRIIIa	hFcγRIIb	

Solution: FcResolv[®] NOG

- Severely immunodeficient NOG mouse
- KO of common FcR γ subunit and Fc γ RIIb to prevent all Fc-mediated effector functions
- Can be used in a similar fashion to the NOG mouse, including for xenograft and immune system humanization experiments.
- Removes confounding effects to improve accuracy

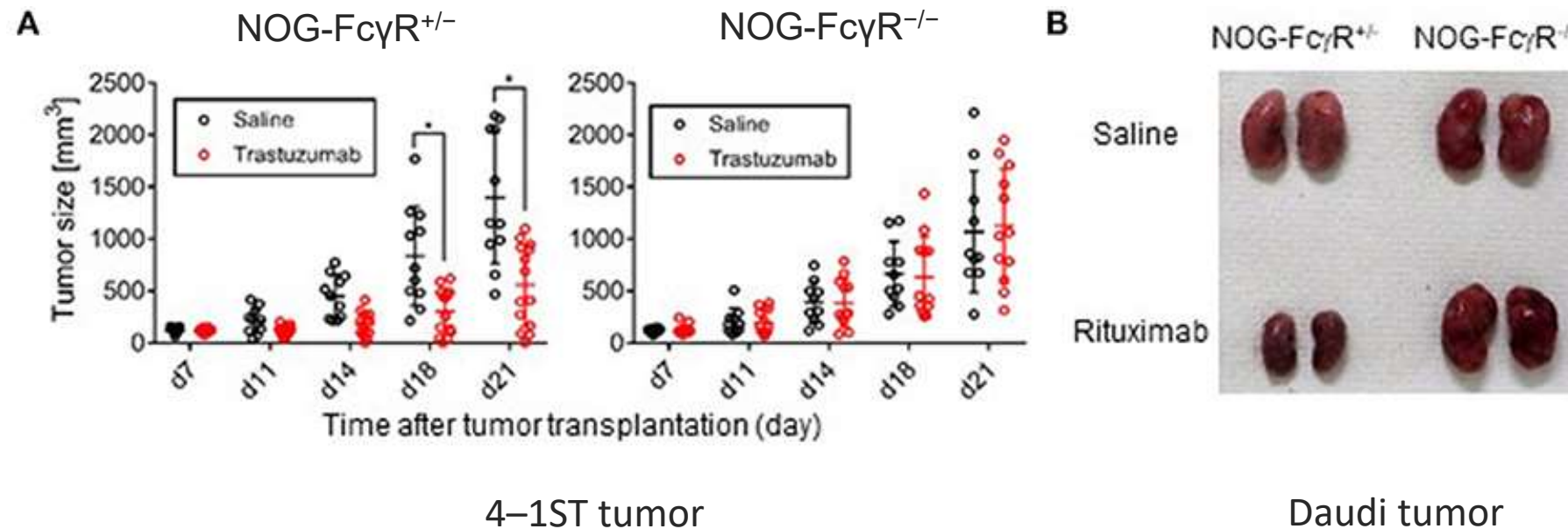


False Positives Generated by Murine Innate Cell-Mediated ADCC or ADCP



FcγR Knockout Resolves False Positives

Abrogation of mouse innate cell mediated antibody dependent cytotoxicity in NOG-FcγR^{-/-} mice

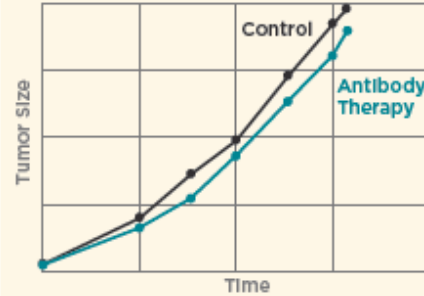
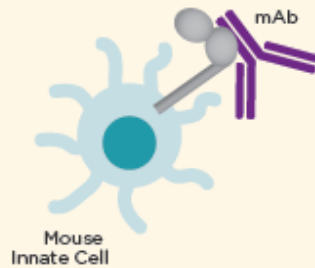


False Negatives Generated through Interaction Between Mouse FcγR and a Therapeutic's Fc Domain

CIEA NOG mouse®



Murine FcγR
activity intact



Wrong
Answer

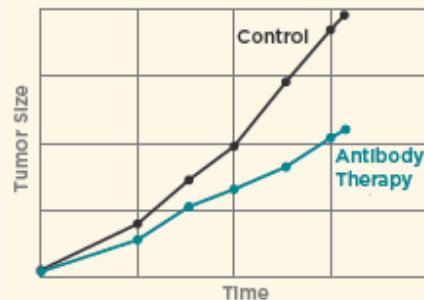
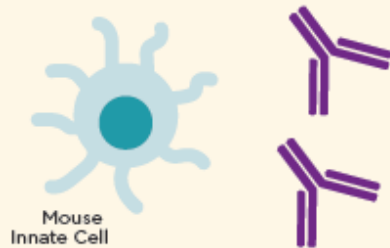


False negative efficacy result
due to interference by murine FcγRs

FcResolv NOG mouse



Murine FcγR
activity knocked out



Right
Answer



No confusing false negatives
when using FcResolv NOG models

Limitations of HIS Mice

- HIS mice are sensitive and requires special handling and care
- Human T cells are educated in a mouse thymus → mouse MHC restricted
- B cell responses are suboptimal
- Residual murine immunity – some issues can be solved with the FcResolv™ models
- Potential development of GvHD, MAS or CRS

HIS Model Considerations

Humanized Immune System Required?

- HSCs
- PBMCs
- Isolated cell types (e.g. NK cells)

Model Availability & Lead Time

- Standard Access Models
- Early Access Models
- Specialized Engraftments

Cell Type of Interest?

- T Cells
- Macrophages
- NK Cells

Inter- and Intra-Donor Variability

- # Mice/Donor
- # Donors

Tumor Properties?

- CDX
- PDX

Animal Facility/Husbandry

- Housing
- Acclimation Time
- Microbiome

Study Timeline?

- Short vs. Fast-Growing Tumor
- Short vs. Long Treatment

Taconic Expands Humanised Immune System Model (HIS) Production to Europe

September 2025

Strengthening our global Humanisation
Centres of Excellence with new
production in Leverkusen, Germany



Put your first HIS order before end of year and get up to
50% discount

Thank You

